

NINETY-THIRD YEAR.

LOVE FOR BOUTELLE
IS THE ONLY ISSUE.



REPRESENTATIVE BOUTELLE OF MAINE.

WANT TO REWARD FAITHFUL SERVICES.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Bangor, Me., Aug. 25.—Congressman Charles A. Boutelle, a hopeless lunatic in the McLean Asylum for the insane at Waverly, Mass., has been nominated and will be re-elected Congressman from Maine next month.

A clot of blood on his brain struck him down at Washington last winter, and his mind—for two decades among the brightest in the national legislature—has been utterly clouded ever since. There is no chance that his faculties will clear in time for him to perform any of the duties of the office to which he will be elected by a great majority; indeed there is only the vaguest hope that Congressman Boutelle will ever be sane again.

All of these things were known to the man who placed him in nomination; to the delegates who wildly cheered his name and chose him as their candidate by acclamation; and to the people of the Fourth Congressional District of Maine, who will vote for him on election day.

They know his affliction, but they would rather vote for Charles A. Boutelle, even though his mind is a jangled wreck, than for any other human being in America.

That they have done a notable thing in nominating an insane man to represent them in Congress does not seem to occur to all. They are supremely indifferent to questions involved. But their love of Boutelle is touching.

They point to his sixteen years of service with pride; they argue that he is poor and, therefore, honest. They say he needs the money and "will help him to it." It is understood here that the Congressmen are falling fast and his end is to be expected at any time in the near future. This understanding is one that will move the voters to cast their ballots for him.

They argue that if the man has not long to live they might as well give him the benefit of the salary so long as he shall live.

The district has an estimated voting strength of 25,000. Usually but three-fifths of that number vote, and the last election gave Boutelle a plurality of 10,000.

Mr. White's Delicate Position.

Boutelle's opponent, Thomas White, Democrat, and the Reverend J. W. Humphrey, Prohibitionist, concede his election by the usual majority. Mr. White feels that his position is a delicate one. He is a neighbor of the stricken Congressman and a popular man. If he were a Republican he would doubtless get the Republican majority. But Mr. White says he can't very properly make an active canvass in his district while his opponent is mentally pre-terred in an asylum. To take advantage of the opportunity he thinks would be a gross violation of political etiquette.

"If I made a move to secure the election the people here would double Mr. Boutelle's plurality."

The campaign opens next week, but on the congressional ticket there will be no active contest. Some of the business men of the district, realizing the disadvantages of being unrepresented in Congress, tried to start a movement to divert the voters from Mr. White, the Democratic candidate. Among the other arguments they presented was that it would be a very bad advertisement of the section to have it renowned as

Maine Republicans Will Re-elect the Stricken Man to Congress.

HE IS HOPELESSLY INSANE.

Once Brilliant Mind Pronounced to Be a Total Wreck.

END BELIEVED TO BE NEAR.

Faithful Constituents Prefer Him to Any Man of Sound Understanding.

the only district in the United States that deliberately chose an insane man as its congressional representative. But this has only tended to increase the afflicted Congressman's popularity.

"We want the Cap'n to get the salary. If the Cap'n can stand it at the place where he is and is happy, we can stand it to have nobody in Congress for us. We kin get seed from the other Congressmen from here, I reckon, if we need any."

When Edward Neally, former Mayor of Bangor, was nominating Boutelle at the recent convention, the Congressman was babbling incoherently in the grounds of the asylum 20 miles away.

Mr. Neally began his nominating address with a reference to Charles Sumner, who was recruited from Massachusetts after being stricken down in the Senate.

Polite Fiction of Politics.

"Gentlemen of convention," concluded Mr. Neally, "your representative does not come here to seek a renomination. He will not be here to make acknowledgement of the honor you will do him. He is taking a well-earned rest, with a progress, slow, but sure, to a complete return to health—a progress which will be immeasurably helped by the assurance you will give to-day of your continued affection and confidence. It is for us once more to place this heavy burden in his hands, in the hope that, taking all the time needed to renew his strength, restored like Sumner in another generation, he may be able to battle again in the old field with his old-time vigor in defense of our political faith."

"And there could not be a prouder day for the Republicans of this district than when, without a word of dissent from a single member of the party, we make this nomination, for there is a chivalry, a sense of honor and justice, a payment of honest obligation, in this action that will commend it to the honorable men of all parties, voting, I am sure, the unanimous demand of the Republicans of this district and of the whole State. I move the nomination for Congress, by acclamation, of Charles A. Boutelle."

Doctor Robinson then addressed the convention.

"Should he come back," said Doctor Robinson, "and find another put in his place, his great heart would break and recovery would be made impossible."

And a burst of enthusiasm the convention nominated by acclamation Charles A. Boutelle, who, amid the gardens of the asylum at Waverly, was as unconscious of the compliment as he was incapable of expressing appreciation of it.

The hope of recovery expressed in the nominating speeches was all a polite fiction. Everybody knew there was no tangible ground for hope.

MRS. FLAGLER VERY ILL.
New York Woman in Paris Being Attended by Dr. Brouardel.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.
Paris, Aug. 25.—(Copyright, 1900, by W. R. Hearst.)—Mrs. John H. Flagler of New York is seriously ill here at a hotel. She is attended by Doctor Brouardel, the dean of the medical profession of France.

MRS. J. P. CASSIDY CALLS
AT HER HUSBAND'S HOME.

Obtains Her Belongings While He Is Downtown at Work—Her Mother Says It Was "Uncongeniality" and Not Mistreatment Which Caused Her Daughter to Leave Mr. Cassidy—Will Not Contest Suit for Divorce.

Mrs. Jesse P. Cassidy returned to St. Louis from Chicago Friday night, and yesterday morning, while her husband was downtown at his place of business, called at his home, No. 315 Bell avenue, remaining long enough to return a visit to her mother, Mr. Cassidy's sister and sister-in-law, and they asked her no questions. After saying that she would send for her clothes she left when she departed so abruptly on August 16, four days after her elopement and marriage at Washington, Mo.

She volunteered no explanation of her action to Mr. Cassidy's mother and sister, and they asked her no questions. After saying that she would send for her clothes she returned to the home of her mother, Mrs. G. A. Thorell, at No. 1127 Channing avenue.

Mrs. Cassidy was there last night when a Republic reporter called, but her mother refused to allow her to be interviewed. Mrs. Thorell admitted the newspaper man and in the course of a conversation said:

"My daughter returned Friday night from Chicago. She tells me that her reason for leaving her husband was uncongeniality—this and nothing more. He was not cruel or unkind to her. They were simply uncongenial, and under the circumstances she left him. He can sue for divorce on the ground of desertion and no objection will be interposed."

It is understood that it is the present intention of Mr. Cassidy, through his attorney, to file suit for divorce in the Circuit Court to-morrow or Tuesday.

One year is the period of desertion re-

quired to constitute cause for divorce in Missouri. If Mr. Cassidy sues this week it is evident that he will base the action on some other ground. It is not improbable that when his wife learns of his intention to sue for divorce, an understanding may be reached to postpone the suit until desertion can be alleged.

Mrs. Cassidy came to St. Louis from the home of her friend, Mrs. Jacob Woerstedt, in Evanston, a suburb of Chicago, where she stayed after her disappearance from St. Louis.

Neither her family in this city nor the Woerstedts would tell where she was, Mr. Woerstedt even going so far as to say on last Tuesday that she had been at his house, but had been mysteriously missing since the Sunday before. He declared that she was morose and hinted that she might have thrown herself into Lake Michigan.

Mr. Woerstedt's statement was not taken seriously, and it was considered only a matter of time until she would reappear at her mother's home in St. Louis.

Mrs. Cassidy will go to Chicago on his vacation this morning. He will make no vacation move in the matter of his domestic affairs, except through the courts. His friends have advised him to forget that he ever was married, and this is his intention. He considers that Mrs. Cassidy has a perfect right to refuse to embark upon the uncertain seas of matrimony, but he does think it a little unusual that she did not say up her mind before the marriage ceremony was performed.

REPORT THAT THREE POWERS DECLARE WAR ON CHINA.



UNCLE SAM: "YOU CAN'T WEAR THEM SHIRT WAISTS IN THIS PLACE."

GIRL TRIES TO SHOOT
BURGLAR--HE STABS HER.

Her Revolver Proves Defective and He Uses a Butcher Knife on Her.

FELLOW MAKES HIS ESCAPE.

Miss Genevieve McGarry of East St. Louis Exhibits Her Bravery.



MISS GENEVIEVE MCGARRY.

Miss Genevieve McGarry, aged 17 years, was surprised by a burglar in her home, in East St. Louis, late Friday afternoon, and, after making an ineffectual attempt to shoot the man, was stabbed by him. He used a large butcher knife, inflicting a deep wound in her right shoulder.

The revolver with which she tried to shoot him proved defective and she was unable to defend herself against the fellow's attack. The injury and shock seriously affected her. Her assailant escaped.

The McGarry home is at No. 1501 Baugh avenue. There are five members of the family—Thomas McGarry, employed as a foreman by Swift & Co.; his sisters, the Misses Sophia, Lydia and Genevieve, and his widowed mother, Mrs. Thomas McGarry.

Mrs. McGarry and the Misses Lydia and Sophia are visiting friends in Chicago. In their absence Miss Genevieve has been all alone in the big house, except at night, when her brother is with her.

On Wednesday afternoon she went downtown on a shopping expedition. As she boarded a street car near her home she noticed that a man had been following her. He boarded the car and alighted after her. As she got on a car to go home she noticed that he was on the same car.

This frightened her, and instead of going home she went to the residence of a friend and was escorted home later. She told her brother of her adventure and of her fear that the man might lurk about the house in the daytime.

Miss McGarry advised her to visit with friends during the day, until it was time for her to go home to prepare her supper. He also promised to come home earlier than had been his custom.

Encounter in the Kitchen.

Thursday Miss Genevieve saw no sign of the man and her fears were somewhat abated. Her brother suggested that evening that she probably had been mistaken in surmising that the man had followed her. It was shortly after 5 p. m., Friday, when Miss Genevieve took some butter, lard and meats from a refrigerator in the dining-room. She held the articles in her arms, and, as she entered the kitchen, the man who had followed her two days before, stepped into the same room from the rear door. The screen was latched, but he had watched his opportunity, and, with a piece of wire, had unlocked the door. He was a

large fellow and grinned as he remarked the look of surprise on the girl's face.

"What do you want?" she cried. "Get out of here!"

"I want you, and I want that ring you have on your finger," he replied as he stepped toward her.

"Don't touch me!" pleaded the girl, "and I will get my brother's diamond ring." Then she darted from the kitchen to a side room. Instead of a ring she returned with a revolver, which her brother had secured for her and instructed her how to use.

"Now run," she commanded, as she pressed the trigger. He dodged, but the revolver refused to act. Divining the situation, he started for the girl, and she, realizing that the pistol was useless and that she was practically at the mercy of the man, hurried at him with all her strength.

Stabbed Her in the Shoulder.

He struck her on the head, and he uttered a cry, then, grabbing a big butcher knife, he made at the girl. She dodged the blow and slipped. The blade sank deep in her right shoulder. The pain of the wound caused the girl to shriek for help, and she ran to the front porch, where she fainted.

The entire neighborhood was aroused, and in a few moments the front porch was crowded. The girl's dress was bloodstained and she was deathly pale. In a few minutes her brother arrived. He summoned a physician, who restored Miss Genevieve to consciousness. In a few words he told her story. A number of the men immediately started out on a hunt for the burglar, and the police were notified. No trace of the man could be found.

The fellow is described as about 5 feet 11 inches tall, weighs about 185 pounds, wore a straw hat, with a blue band, pink shirt, high standing collar and dark coat and light trousers.

Yesterday afternoon Miss Genevieve was delirious. She called almost constantly for her brother "Tom" to help her.

LEADING TOPICS
—IN—
TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC.

Missouri—Fair and warmer Sunday. Monday fair; light southerly winds.

Illinois—Local rains in southern, fair in northern portion Sunday. Monday fair, with warmer in southern portions; light to fresh southerly winds.

Arkansas—Local rains and cooler in eastern, fair in western portions Sunday. Monday fair; southerly winds.

PART I.

1. Report That Three Powers Declare War on China.
2. Love for Boutelle the Only Issue.
3. Mrs. Cassidy Calls at Husband's Home.
4. Girl Tries to Shoot Burglar.
5. Chinese Emperor Captured.
6. Railroad Run by Naval Officer.
7. Cook Replies to Dalton.
8. Hard Questions for Republicans.
9. Planning to Make Sure of New York.
10. England's Plans for Governing the Boers.
11. Assessments Less for Railroads.
12. Woman Pursues and Captures Pickpocket.
13. Hansman Remains on Deck.
14. Special Cable Dispatches to The Republic from Old World Capitals.
15. Gas Company Promises Adequate Pressure.
16. Law on Newspaper Supplements.
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18. Bumble Bees Cause Confusion at a Funeral.
19. Police Report on Slot Machines.
20. Doctor Love to Go to New York.
21. Steady Tramp of the Grand Army.
22. Plans for Labor Day Parade.
23. Baseball Scores.
24. Fitzsimmons is After Jeffries.
25. Race Track Results.
26. Macon McCormick on the Fitz-Sharkey Fight.
27. Robison Cannot Give His Plums Away.
28. League Managers Searching for Youngster.
29. St. Louis Girl in Golf Championships.
30. Distance Man for St. Louis University.
31. Old Inventions for World's Fair.
32. Mr. Dockery to Be in St. Louis This Week.
33. Week's Record in Real Estate.

PART II.

1. Discovery of the Caves of the Bats in Oklahoma.
2. Horrors of the Siege of Tien-Tsin.
3. Romance of a Stradivarius.
4. Hypnotist Fooled by Subject.
5. Bicycle Boat on Lake Michigan.
6. Four Sets of Children to Support Farmer's Daughter a Horse Dealer.
7. Bride Wouldn't Stay Bought.
8. Ivory Chessmen Owned by Napoleon.
9. At the Summer Resorts.
10. The Week in Society.
11. Editorial.
12. Dockery's Coolness When a Youth.
13. Cockrell Always Prayed Before a Battle.
14. Death Notices.
15. Governor Stone Analyzes Presidential Campaign.
16. Claims Estate of Abraham Kaufman.
17. Help and Situations Wanted.
18. Houses, Flats, Rooms to Let.
19. Real Estate for Rent and for Sale.
20. Miscellaneous—Wanted and for Sale.
21. Miscellaneous Want Ads.
22. Financial and Commercial.
23. Fraternal Order News.
24. Airlship Will Be Shown at the Ex.

PART III.

Magazine Section.

CAPT. SIGSBEE RECOMMENDED
POISONING THE NAVY ALCOHOL.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Washington, Aug. 25.—Captain C. D. Sigsbee, formerly commanding officer of the Maine and now the Chief Intelligence Officer of the Navy, recently made a remarkable proposition to the Navy Department while he was in command of the Texas.

He found that enlisted men of the vessel were obtaining alcohol. He suggested as the best means of discouraging this pilfering the mixing of poison with the alcohol. His proposition did not meet with official favor. He wrote:

"The presence of alcohol, even wood alcohol, used on board ship for paints, varnishes, etc., leads to considerable drunkenness. A number of cases have occurred on board this vessel in which, notwithstanding all precautions, members of the crew have

been able to secure small quantities of alcohol.

"It is also apparent that there are among the crew those who know how to abstract the alcohol from mixed shellac and to clarify it even when the shellac has been mixed with varnish.

"I respectfully recommend that an order be issued requiring that all alcohol used in the construction department of ships be mixed immediately upon its reception on board with a certain amount of tartar emetic, and that the cases, chests or bottles in which the alcohol is kept or mixed shall be marked accordingly."

"Some years ago I was informed by the curator of the museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge that the museum had formerly lost much of the alcohol which had been sent to different localities for the preservation of animal forms. It then adopted the practice of mixing alcohol with

Rumored on Good Authority They
Ask America and Britain
to Get Out.

COUP OF RUSSIA, GERMANY AND JAPAN.

News Comes From Che-Foo Under Date of Friday, August 24—Crisis in the World's Affairs at Hand.

CHE-FOO, Friday, Aug. 24.—It is rumored on good authority that Russia, Germany and Japan have declared war on China and invite England and the United States to retire.

POWERS NO LONGER IN CONCERT
AND COMPLICATIONS MULTIPLY.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Washington, Aug. 25.—Little encouragement has been received by the American Government in its effort to bring about harmony of action on the part of the Powers in China.

In response to instructions sent yesterday to the Ambassadors and Ministers of the United States in foreign capitals, advice were received to-day indicating that the Powers are not agreed on any essential point. Germany absolutely declines, for instance, to recognize Li Hung Chang as China's peace envoy, and the answers from other quarters are negative and unsatisfactory.

The next step of this Government will be to endeavor to restore harmony of purpose and unity of action by proposing an international conference, or, failing that, a free interchange of notes, with Washington as the center of distribution.

Information that will tend to throw light on the plans of Russia and Germany is awaited with considerable anxiety. A telegram received to-day from Rear-Admiral Remy confirms the statement of the Herald-Republic special correspondent in Peking that the Russian General there considers his Government at war with China.

A Land-Grabbing Scheme.

The administration authorities appear to be blind to the significance of the advice from General Chaffee and Admiral Remy, but it is plain to everybody else that the war against China is to be prosecuted vigorously by Russia and Germany, and possibly by other Powers, and that eventually it will resolve itself into a land-grabbing scheme.

General Chaffee's recommendation that the American troops be withdrawn as soon as the Americans in China are conducted to the coast is sufficient proof that this is the case. Chaffee was not born yesterday, and he would not recommend the withdrawal of the American troops, his friends in Washington say, without good reason.

Nothing has been received here from Li Hung Chang since his request for the appointment of a representative to negotiate with him for terms of peace. It is not even known here where Li Hung Chang is, and the effort of the administration to give him a status in the face of the fact that no Chinese Government exists which could accredit him has fallen flat.

Earl Li Probably in Peking.

The Chinese Legation to-day it was said that Li probably had gone to Peking. In that case it is suggested that he may have taken the trip in order to locate the

Chinese Government and to further the negotiations. It is certainly "up to" Li Hung Chang to do this in order to relieve the American Government of its present embarrassment and to save the Chinese Empire from dismemberment.

The administration policy is to drift along and await events. General Chaffee's recommendation will not be adopted—at least, not at once—and the American troops will remain in China pending further developments.

It is likely, however, that the administration will be enlightened by the American commander in a day or two, as it is plain from the last cablegram from the Herald-Republic correspondent, Mr. John F. Bass, that General Chaffee was awaiting an answer to his message, and, failing to receive it, he may be depended upon to cable at greater length.

DANGEROUS SITUATION.

Washington, Aug. 25.—The diplomatic feature of the Chinese situation to-day took precedence over both the naval and military features. Government officials refuse to discuss the situation.

The most unsatisfactory development, so far as the receipt of a dispatch from Admiral Remy to-day, conveying the reports which had reached him of a disagreement between the Russian and German troops in the part of any Government might be the heretofore harmonious concert of the Powers.

The text of this dispatch was not made public, but it was said on good authority to contain the statement that the Russian commander had forbidden communication with the Chinese on the ground that Russia was technically at war with China, as well as practically, at war with China.

It may be said that this information was not conveyed by Admiral Remy as official news, but it was a report from a reliable source, which he considered this Government should possess for its own information. Assuming Admiral Remy's report to be correct, the move on the part of Russia strikes the first note of discord in the heretofore harmonious concert of the Powers.

The situation growing out of the joint occupation of Peking by the Powers is delicate. The interests of all the Powers were represented at an least competitive, if not antagonistic, and an ill-considered move on the part of any one Government might easily entail disagreeable consequences in which all would be more or less involved. At the same time it was explained that the Government's request in China was anxious to avoid a clash if this could be done without sacrificing their rights in the premises.

EMPEROR OF CHINA
REPORTED CAPTURED.

Japs Said to Have Overtaken Him Eighty Miles From Peking.

HAVE NOT YET RETURNED.

Dispatch Says He Threw Himself on the Mercy of His Captors.

MARCH THROUGH
IMPERIAL PALACE.

Paris, Aug. 25.—General Frey, commander of the German forces in China, telegraphs from there under date of August 20:

"The allies have driven the Boxers from all the points they occupied. The allies are camped outside the Imperial Palace, which was occupied by some soldiers of the regular Chinese Army. The German forces decided to march the international forces through the palace doors, which were afterwards closed."

1900, by the New York Herald Company.)

The course of the Black Flags up the North River is marked by irresponsible looting, causing great unrest. The populace attribute the trouble to the foreign invasion.

It is believed here that the Black Flags will never reach Peking, but will join the other rioters in the Provinces and cause widespread disturbances.

The Wesleyan Church at Ying-Tak on the North River, has been destroyed by rioters, who looted the convent's houses and carried off one man who opposed the outrages.

AMERICANS LEAVE PEKING.

London, Aug. 25.—A special dispatch from Peking, dated August 19, says:

"Forty Americans, with an escort of United States troops, start for Tien-Tsin to-morrow."

Street fighting breaks out intermittently in Peking, according to dispatches from Shanghai, the allies not having sufficient forces to police the vast city. Small parties of the allied troops penetrate into new districts they have to engage half-armed mobs.

The victory of Sze-Chuen is reported at Shanghai to be sending troops to the Tientsin frontier and to be intending to fight the French at Meng-Tze.

With the German fleet recently at Shanghai has gone to Taku as an escort the new German Minister, Doctor Munster von Schwarzenstein, who is bound for Peking. Clan fights are of daily occurrence in the Heung-Shan district.

LARGE MASSES OF BOXERS.

London, Aug. 26, 3:15 a. m.—News comes by way of Berlin, dated Taku, August 24.

BLACK FLAGS LOOTING.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Hong-Kong, Friday, Aug. 24.—(Copyright,

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